



TIMBER FROM PRIVATE FORESTS AS A SOURCE FOR WOOD-PROCESSING INDUSTRY

14th INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE **WOODEMA**

Karlo Beljan, Ana Bašić, Stjepan Posavec

Koper, Slovenia, June 16th - 18th 2021





PROBLEM MATTER

- Forestry and wood-processing industry are linked businesses,
- The quantities of timber available on the Croatian market do not meet the demand,
- The major issue for the wood-processing industry is exactly **timber availability**,
- Due to the fact that about 77% of forests are state-owned, the woodprocessing industry is mainly dependent on this pool of timber.





AIM OF THIS STUDY

- 1. Evaluate potential of private forests (\approx 552,000 ha),
- 2. Evaluate wood-processing industry (416 subjects),
- 3. Give an answer to a question:

TO WHAT EXTENT THE TIMBER FROM PRIVATE FORESTS CAN REDUCE THE SUPPLY SHORTAGE ON THE NATIONAL LEVEL?





METHODS

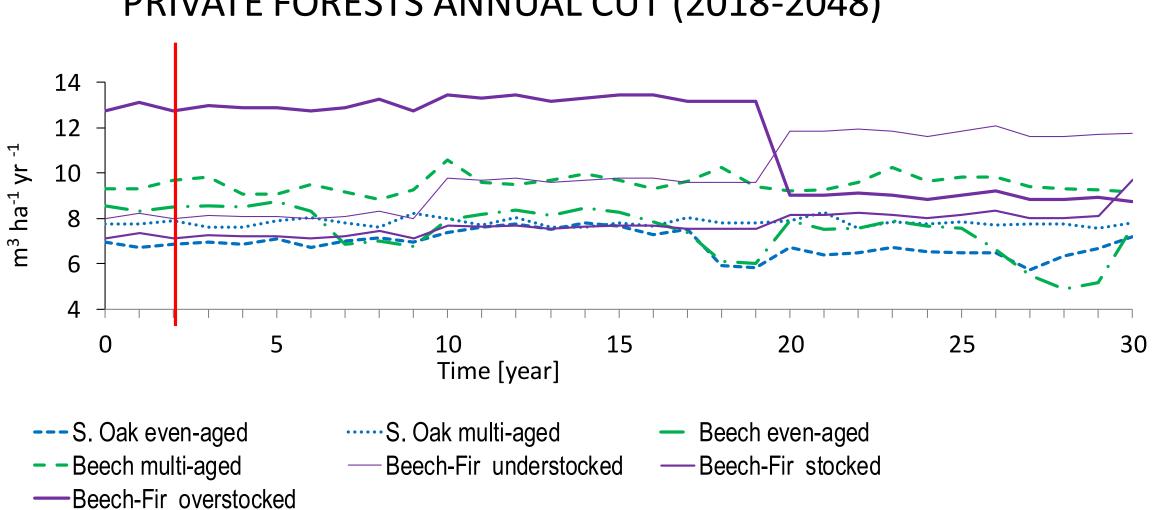
- For the period **2018-2048** we have used the simulations of private forests management (Beljan et al. 2020),
- Focused just on forest estates advertised for sale (about 740 ads advertised via on-line platform <u>Njuškalo.hr</u> in the period **2010-2021** was analyzed)

Due to that, the estimate on timber from private forests which is suitable for wood-processing industry will cover **2018**, **2019** and the year **2020**.



Univerza *v Ljubljani* Biotebniška fakulteta



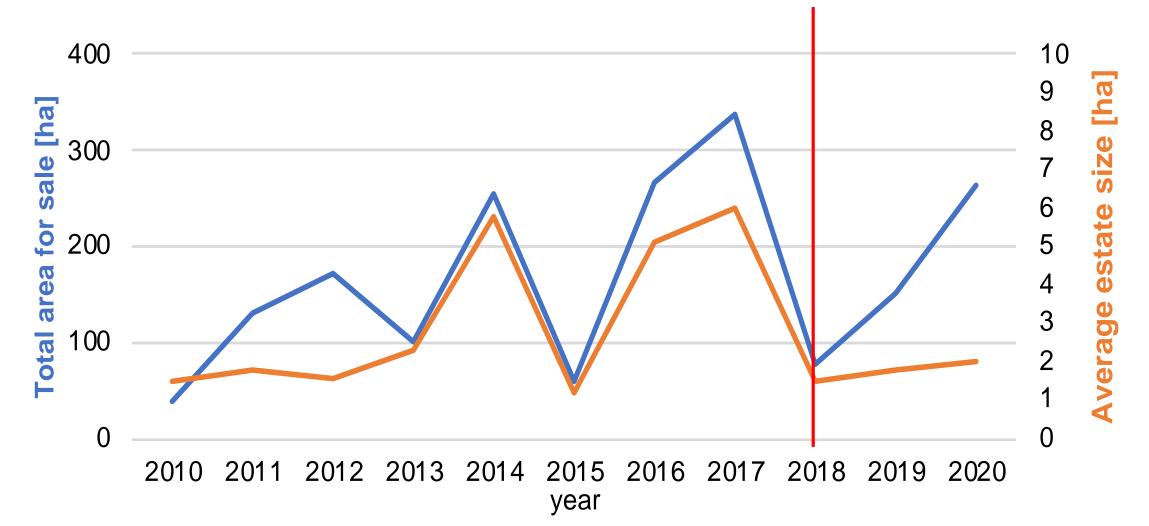


PRIVATE FORESTS ANNUAL CUT (2018-2048)





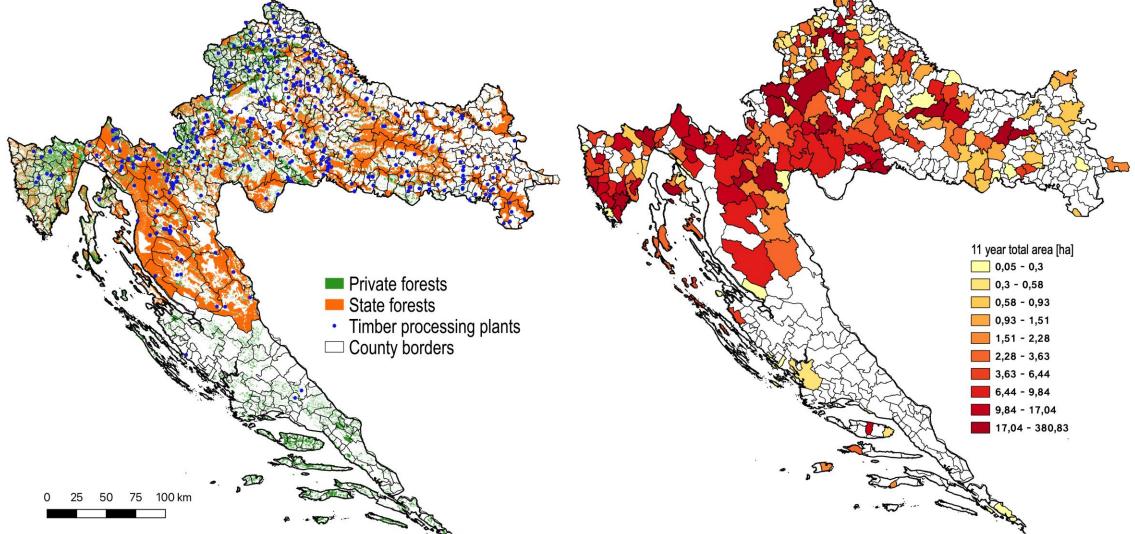
Trends of total and average forest estate size advertised for sale







Spatial interaction between forest resources and wood-processing industry (left). The area of estates advertised for sale 2010-2020 (right).







Timber assortments from private forest estates advertised for sale

Timber assortments suitable for wood- processing		year 2018			year 2019			year 2020		
		S1	B ²	B-F ³	S1	B ²	B-F ³	S1	B ²	B-F ³
		area of private estates advertised for sale [ha]								
		27.9	22.5	6.4	38.8	49.2	16.7	44.0	84.4	27.4
33	veneer	7.0	4.7	1.8	9.2	10.8	4.6	11.3	18.0	7.6
	peeled veneer	2.3	3.6	2.0	3.8	7.4	5.2	4.8	13.4	8.5
	sawlog 1 st class	20.7	18.6	6.9	27.9	40.0	17.9	33.4	69.2	29.4
	sawlog 2 nd class	24.1	21.9	4.5	32.5	47.3	11.7	37.1	81.3	19.2
	sawlog 3 rd class	11.6	10.0	2.8	16.1	22.0	7.3	18.7	37.6	12.0
	thin roundwood	2.0	1.9	0.7	3.0	4.3	1.9	3.1	7.8	3.2
	Total per *f type	67.7	60.8	18.7	92.4	131.6	48.7	108.5	227.3	79.9
	Total per year	147.2			272.8			415.7		

sessile oak forests¹, common beech forests², common beech-silver fir forests³, *forest type



niverza v Liubl





- It should be considered that some of the estates are advertised via other platforms or by personal advertising (besides Njuškalo.hr),
- Forest management implies sustainable usage of forests which is not much looking from the perspective of the wood processing industry (yearly ranging 5-13 m³ ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹),
- The quantities of felling could be higher, resulting in greater timber sources for the wood-processing industry, but it would have a negative influence on forestry.





- Private forest estates advertised for sale, by the timber suitable for processing, are far from filling the shortage gap,
- A lot of private forest land is necessary to be possessed and maintained in order to provide enough timber required for wood-processing,
- The timber processing companies could consider buying private forest on a larger scale and using them as an independent source of raw material.





For the end:

otehniška fakult

from **yahoo.finance** Sector: Basic Materials, Industry: Lumber & Wood Production (128 companies)

48 companies posses or have forests via lease and

do sawmilling (42 pcs.),

produce furniture (28 pcs.),

produce paper and packaging (23 pcs.)



Univerza *v Ljubljani* Biotebniška fakulteta

協議



THANK YOU



KARLO BELJAN



00385 1 2352 502



kbeljan@sumfak.unizg.hr

http://www.woodema.org/