

Timber wood engineering Dolomiti Pro research results A short view to next researches

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Log house: a safe house ?

Would a log house survive a strong seism ?

How long will timberwood last?

Why engineers are afraid of wood, and choose concrete and steel ?

Is a log house really warm, dry and healthy?

Log house certification

CasaClima (2002)

healthy, energy efficient but no seism test

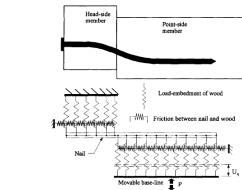
Dolomiti Pro (2011)

seism and fire test Long-lasting, building life certification (over 50 years) still missing



Timber and seism: not only wood

- Joints will have plastic deformations
- Need to take into account in simulations, no engineering-ready models yet
- Most people killed by non structural, falling furniture!





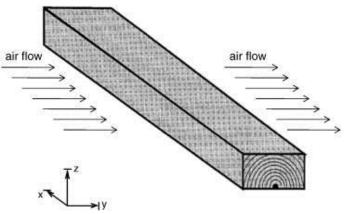




Finite element simulation

- Water infiltration in basements : water penetration front
- Requires multiphysics!
- hygro thermal (HT) computation
- wood retires when drying
- Mould
- All this will affect building-life certification and healthiness

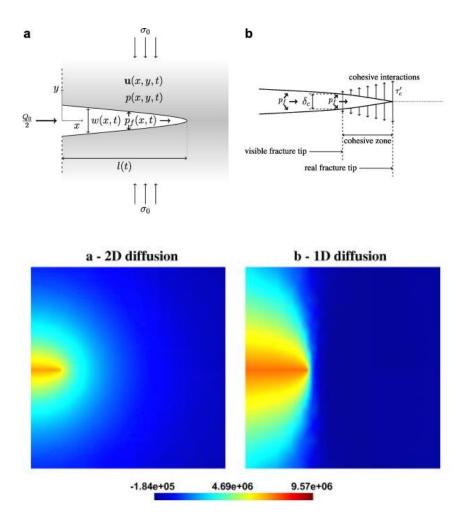






Applied multiphysics

- Numerical simulation of thermo-hygro-mechanical behaviour
- Needed in many cases : damage in concrete, moisture formation, wood drying process...
- Example of water diffusion in a joint : flow in a crack coupled with diffusion in the porous material





Code_Aster

Finite Element Software Created by EDF (main energy producer in the world) for its internal research and engineering

20 years of development50 full time developers, over 200 users

1 500 000 code lines

14 000 pages (both theoretical and practical documentation)

2 000 tests

free : <u>www.code-aster.org</u>

nuclear plants and dams quality certified



Nonlinear thermomechanical calculation of a combustion turbine compressor : bladed rotor and quartercompressor.



Optimizing the bending radius of an elbow by Gmsh-Code_Aster chaining.



Code_Saturne/Code_Aster chaining on an Alstom-Velan glove valve : mesh and internal fluid pressure field.





RRA circuit elbow : damage calculation by the Dang Van criterion and thermal crazing.

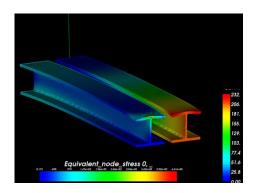
We need wood models

Engineers need models to verify, calibrate and simulate scenarios

Concrete and steel are well known materials, "easy" to simulate

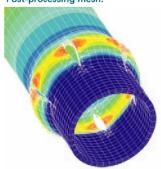
Behaviour over time

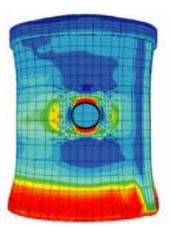






X-FEM method: multi-cracked pipe. Post-processing mesh.





Thank you for your kind attention!

in memory of Paolo Piffer

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